

# Data Mining and Visualization – Overview

August 29, 2019

In God we trust, all others bring data

attributed to  
**William Edwards Deming\*** (1900-1993)

\* American statistician, known, in particular, for promotion of statistical methods in industrial production and management

# Instructor, Assistant, Webpage, etc.

- Instructor: **Krzysztof (Krys) Podgórski**
- The easiest way to communicate is through e-mail:  
**Krzysztof.Podgorski@stat.lu.se**
- Webpage: **<https://krys.neocities.org>**
- Assistant: **Johan Larsson**, e-mail: **Johan.Larsson@stat.lu.se**
- The main source of the information about the course: **webpage** – visit it frequently as the material that is posted there will change.
- The web address is  
**<https://krys.neocities.org/Teaching/DataMining/DataMining.html>**
- Office hours each Monday between 16:00 and 17:00 or by appointment

# Course Organization

- Syllabus is available in the form of a the **webpage** (print it on your own if a hard copy is more convenient for you).
- Three parts of a big comprehensive “examination”:

## **Assignments, Projects, Presentation**

- **Assignments** – Individually at home plus discussion in the classroom
- **Computer Projects** – In groups of two: decide with whom would you like to work, mostly done in the computer lab. If not completed then it can be finished at home but then a printed report showing that the tasks have been completed have to be submitted. The same applies in the case of absence from a lab session.
- **Presentation** – 30min presentation of the own study based on a chosen data set (this will be discussed in detail when halfway through the course), a written rapport after the presentation needs to be submitted.

# Grade

- For each of the three parts score will be assigned on the scale from 0-100
- This score contributes equally to the total score which is computed according to the formula:

$$T = (S_1 + S_2 + S_3)/3,$$

where  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  represent scores for the corresponding parts.

- The final grade will be assigned according to the table:

<b>Percentage</b>	<b>Grade</b>
49 - 0	F
54 - 50	E
64 - 55	D
74 - 65	C
84 - 75	B
100 - 85	A

## Assignments – cover basics and main topics of the course

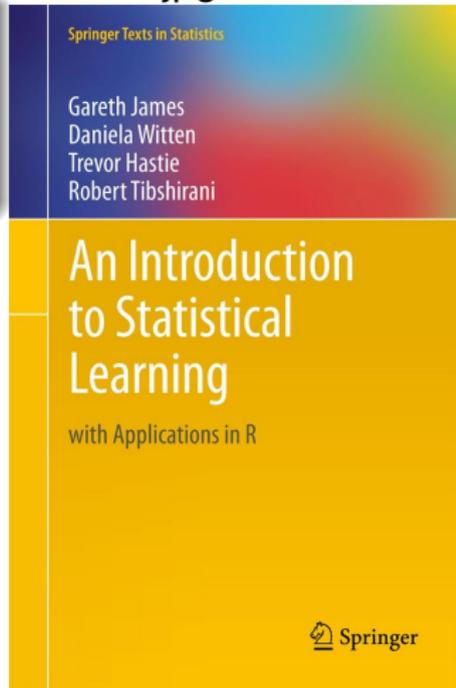
- The total of **five assignments**, that are based on the covered course material although they do not cover the material completely.
- They will comprise of a set of simple questions that will help to clarify introduced topics.
- Some questions will also help in preparing to the lab sessions.
- Assignments will be worked out at home and **due the week following the date they are posted in our schedule**.
- They should be submitted in an electronic form (scanning of the text is allowed) through **CANVAS**.
- They will be available at the webpage but there can be last minute changes thus, please, download a copy only on the date at which they are listed in the schedule.

# Course contents and the textbook

**An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R,  
by Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani;  
1st edition; Springer; 2013.**

- This is a simplified version of the book that is the most popular and most comprehensive monograph on the statistical data mining (see the next slide).
- According to the authors, and concurred by many, the material of the book could serve as basis for a sequence of courses equivalent to 30hp.
- For us to adopt it within a 7.5hp course frame, significant reduction of the material is needed.
- For the same reason the course will not follow the 'chronology' of the textbook.

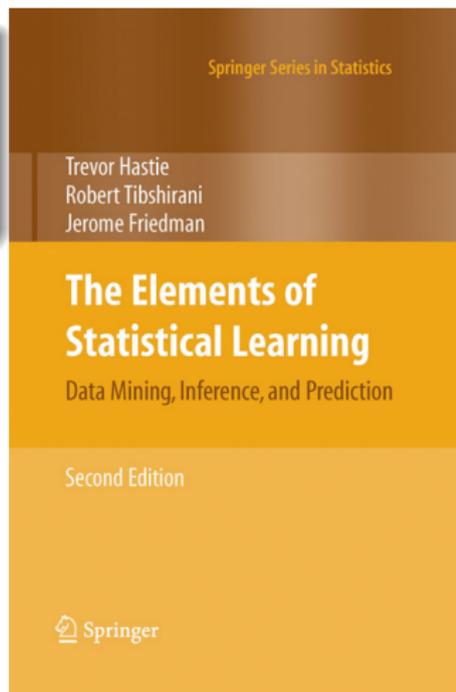
Cover 2.jpg



# The 'other' textbook

**The Elements of Statistical Learning,  
Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction**  
by Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome  
Friedman;  
2nd edition; Springer.

- As mentioned, this is by far the most popular and most comprehensive monograph on the subject.
- Originally the course was designed with this book in mind.
- However, publication of its simplified version which is easier to follow within a regular course frame, shifted this monograph into the background of our presentation.
- Some of the final lectures are using the material that is only available in this textbook thus it contains all the material needed for the course.

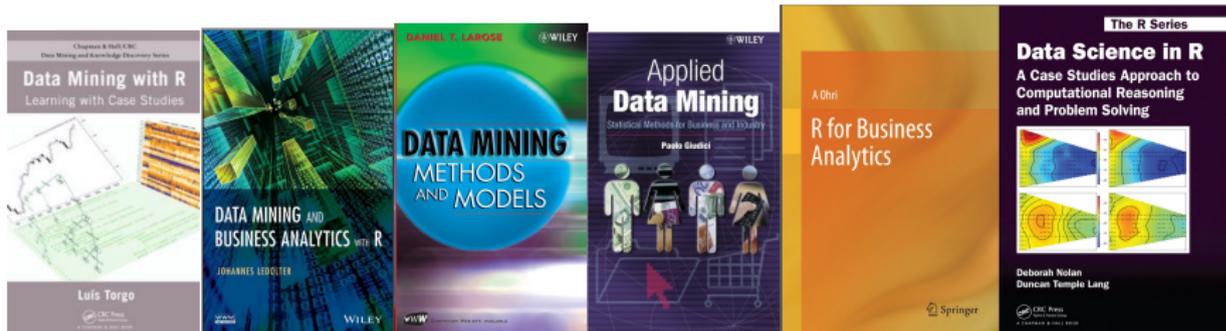


## Access to the textbook

- The authors of '*An Introduction to Statistical Learning*' have created a **webpage** on which the book is accessible in the electronic format.
- Hard copy is also accessible at Springer.
- The mentioned webpage contains also other useful material such as programs, data, and erratum.
- The 'other' textbook, '*The Elements of Statistical Learning*' is also available in the electronic form through Lund University's **online library** due to the agreement of the university with Springer.

# Supplementary books

There is a plethora of other books published recently on **Data Mining, Big Data, Data Analytics** – a consequence of growing interests in the methodology. The following are examples (we may occasionally take a look into some of them, especially when the final projects are discussed):



Depending on your background, some of them can be more accessible than others.

## Lab projects – working with data

- Analysis of the data using the methods discussed in the lecture will be demonstrated through **five projects** scheduled throughout the course. The projects will require using statistical software. At the moment the most popular data mining softwares are **R** and **Python**, although commercial such as Matlab are also often utilized.
- R-package – free and very popular statistical package, very good for statistical computing although less compelling in handling large matrices and multivariate visualization
- We have opted for R-package to present analyses of the data and the methods of data mining.
- The choice has been dictated by a large number of supporting materials in R that are available for illustration of data mining methods.

## Downloading R-package and first steps

- Statistical R-package available for free download [here](#)
- Available on any PC platform (Mac, Windows, Linux).
- Worry free and fast downloading procedure (a couple of minutes).
- We will be working in the command line window of R (most direct way of accessing R-package).
- **No experience is required – all of the code that will be needed will be provided on our webpage!**
- There some so-called **R front-ends** (such *R Commander* or *R-Studio* or *Jupyter*) that ease writing more complex programming in R
- **only a very basic R installation** with the primitive *copy-and-paste-to-the-command-line* approach is truly needed as a method of running the programs. **You can do better if you wish so!**

## Example of a very simple R session

- Suppose the following data are in file `Table2_1.txt` located at directory `/Lecture1/Table2_1.txt`

```
0.51 0.51 0.51 0.50 0.51 0.49 0.52 0.53 0.50 0.47
0.51 0.52 0.53 0.48 0.49 0.50 0.52 0.49 0.49 0.50
0.49 0.48 0.46 0.49 0.49 0.48 0.49 0.49 0.51 0.47
0.51 0.51 0.51 0.48 0.50 0.47 0.50 0.51 0.49 0.48
0.51 0.50 0.50 0.53 0.52 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.51 0.51
```

- Then the following code reads the data and computing its mean and standard deviation:

```
#Getting data in a vector
x=scan("/Data/Table2_1.txt")
mean(x)
#[1] 0.4998
sd(x)
#[1] 0.01647385
```

- # at the beginning of the line denotes a commentary (so the following characters are not interpreted by R when the lines are copied to the command line).

## The same session through webpage

- We go through steps of running this session using our webpage.
  - Step One** Create a directory in which you intend to work with your programs.
  - Step Two** **Download** data that you intend to work on to this directory.
  - Step Three** **Download** *R*-code the same directory and open the file by a convenient text editor of your choice.
  - Step Four** Open *R* and by copying and pasting run the programs from the code.
  - Step Five** Interpret the results.

# Final project/presentation – a study of a real data set

**The final presentation** will discuss a study of real data by means of learned data mining methods.

- **Data Description** – data, with a detailed description will be provided
- **Problem Formulation** – initial problem will be suggested in the description of the data, precise formulation will be required
- **Analysis Methods** – the choice of analytical tools and their discussion is expected
- **Result Interpretation** – analysis of the data has to be performed, results have to be presented and interpreted, final conclusions and suggestions need to be formulated

## Concluding thought

We are drowning in information and starving for knowledge

**Rutherford D. Roger\***

\* American librarian (Yale University)